Designation: F2111 - 22

Standard Practice for Measuring Intergranular Attack or End Grain Pitting on Metals Caused by Aircraft Chemical Processes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2111; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice covers the procedures for testing and measuring intergranular attack (IGA) and end grain pitting on aircraft metals and alloys caused by maintenance or production chemicals.
- 1.2 The standard does not purport to address all qualification testing parameters, methods, critical testing, or criteria for aircraft production or maintenance chemical qualifications. Specific requirements and acceptance testing along with associated acceptance criteria shall be found where applicable in procurement specifications, materials specifications, appropriate process specifications, or previously agreed upon specifications.
- 1.3 *Units*—The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.5 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens

- G1 Practice for Preparing, Cleaning, and Evaluating Corrosion Test Specimens
- G15 Terminology Relating to Corrosion and Corrosion Testing (Withdrawn 2010)³
- G46 Guide for Examination and Evaluation of Pitting Corrosion
- 2.2 ASME Standard:4
- B46.1 Surface Texture (Surface Roughness, Waviness, and Lay)

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *longitudinal grain direction (L), n*—the dimension parallel to the rolling or extruded direction of the extrusion in the original shape.
- 3.1.2 *long transverse (LT)*, *n*—the longest dimension perpendicular to the rolling or extruded direction of the extrusion in the original shape.
- 3.1.3 *pit*, n—a depression or cavity with a width to depth ratio of <6 to 1.
- 3.1.4 *short transverse (ST)*, *n*—the shortest dimension perpendicular to the rolling or extruded direction of the extrusion in the original shape.
- 3.1.5 surface roughness (R_a), n—filtered mean line μ in. (μ m) as defined in ASME B46.1, Surface Texture.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 If not properly qualified, chemicals and chemical processes can attack metals used during aircraft maintenance and production. It is important to qualify only processes and chemical formulas that do not have any deleterious effects on aircraft metallic skins, fittings, components, and structures. This test procedure is used to detect and measure intergranular attack or pitting depth caused by aircraft maintenance chemical processes, hence, this test procedure is useful in selecting a

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F07 on Aerospace and Aircraft and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F07.07 on Qualification Testing of Aircraft Cleaning Materials.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http://www.asme.org.